



	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
	Due to the intake of nursery pupils throughout the a learning environment that is rich with language a themselves, their families and important communit		ir communication skills, to talk about	
	Big Questions: Who am I?			By the end of nursery pupils should:
	Who are the people in my family and my wider co Who are the people in my nursery class?	mmunity?		Have a deeper sense of who they are as an individual, with a name and an identity.
	sense of self for all children.	ti- cultural, cross – curricular activities throughc		Begin to use communication to talk about their likes and dislikes.
ery	Activities will allow children to develop the	e specific skills required, to encourage them to b	ecome members of their nursery class.	Understand what it means to be
F1 Nursery	• Time together, engaging in acts of celebra community.	tion will deepen their sense of identity as well a	s their sense of belonging to a class	part of a community and form positive attachments with nursery practitioners and peers.
	 Engaging in adult led stories, songs and techniques of importance to them, such as fam 	aching will encourage children to develop thinki ily and family traditions.	ng skills, and the confidence to talk about	Demonstrate an understanding of the social behaviours required in a
	Practice gathering together to celebrate sp	pecial times, like birthdays.		class community. Such as sharing, taking turns and listening to others.





	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
	The purpose of the RE curriculum for Reception ag whole school year and link with specific religious/o their beliefs. The children will take part in activitie	cultural festivals and celebrations. These will pro-	vide context and more detail about religious peo	ople groups, and how they express
	Big Questions: Who am I? Who are the children in my class community? What are the similarities and differences between me and my peers? Understand about being an individual within the class community.	In the spring term build upon the children's sense of identity within their new class. Encourage more specific talk about themselves, their families and their religion. Do they worship in a particular place? Can they name the building? Regularly gather together to listen to stories,	In the Summer term pupils should demonstrate more collective behaviour. Gathering together for stories, songs and RE teaching should be a common practice and children should feel more at ease about sharing their experiences with others.	By the end of Reception pupils should: Have a firm understanding of who they are and who their friends and family are. Have a firm understanding of who
	Understand that individual behaviour impacts upon others. Class promises encourage us to respect one another and the people that teach us and care for us.	sing songs, share food and explore specific times of celebrations, significant to certain religious groups. In the Spring term these festivals are:	of allowing children to bring in significant artefacts and items that link them to their religion or culture. Practitioners should read religious stories	their teachers are and how everyone is part of a class community. Begin to understand that their
F2 Reception	Recognise that we are all different to look at but some aspects of our lives may be similar, such as families and the religious communities we belong to.	Chinese New Year – cultural Shrove Tuesday Holi – Hindu Mothering Sunday – cultural Ramadan and Eid UI – Fitr – Islam*	from the Bible and the Quran and increase children's knowledge and vocabulary. Inviting a religious visitor to the class would be an effective way of broadening the	behaviour affects others and tolerance is an act of behaviour that needs to be learned and practised. Begin to understand that there is a
	Play based learning is an effective way of introducing young children to different ways of life and cultures. The festivals to focus upon in the Autumn term are:	Vaisakhi - Sikh Easter – Christian*	children's thinking about others. It would provide a platform for further RE teaching to be built upon in Year 1. In Summer term festivals to focus on are:	wider community, called society, and lots of people make this community, some religious and some not religious.
	Harvest Festival – Christian Diwali – Hindu or Sikh perspective Christmas - Christian	*These festivals move within the yearly calendar and could take place in the Summer term rather than the Spring term.	* World Children's day – cultural Father's Day – cultural Eid Ul – Adha _Islam	Understand that people from different communities come together to celebrate and worship. This sometimes takes place in a specific building, such as a Mosque.





	Autumn Celebrations and Festivals	Spring Myself and caring for others	Summer Beliefs and Teachings	Assessment
	Symbols for Religious Belief and Pra	actice will be referred to in each unit of RE teach	ing throughout the school year.	By the end of year 1 pupils should:
Year 1	 Big Questions: What is a Celebration? What is a festival? Who celebrates what and why? Understand what a celebration is and discuss what types of thing we celebrate. Understand what a festival is and learn that festivals can be religious/non-religious or a time of commemoration, like Remembrance Day. Understand that communities come together for secular festivals, such as Bonfire Night and Children in Need day. Learn about the religious traditions of the Jewish festivals Rosh Hashanah and Hanukah. Learn about the religious traditions of the Christian festivals Harvest and Christmas. Learn about the religious traditions of the Hindu and Sikh festival of Diwali, emphasising their similarities and differences. 	Big Questions: What does it mean to care? How do we show we care for others? Why does it matter that we care? Discuss and learn about what it means to care and how we might demonstrate this to people and animals. Discuss and learn about how caring for others can be sacrificial. Caring for others can develop qualities in our character, such as goodness, patience, kindness and consideration for others. Learn about specific examples of care shown by the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh)* and how Muslims show consideration for others during the month of Ramadan. Learn about specific examples of care shown by Jesus and how he shared moral stories called Parables. Understand the significance of the stories and how they inspire religious traditions and acts of worship, such as Easter. *peace be upon him	Big Questions:What can we learn from the stories thatJesus told?How do religious stories make a differenceto people's lives?Understand that the Bible records theaccounts of the time that Jesus spent onearth, caring for people and teaching them.Listen to the stories (parables) that Jesusshared with people and listen to the'miraculous' stories that others sharedabout Jesus.Discuss the importance of these'miraculous' stories and how they inspireChristians to worship God and develop goodattitudes of thankfulness, forgiveness,kindness and faith.Listen to stories from other world religionsand discuss how these stories affect thelives and attitudes of people. Can they havethe same affect upon people as theinspirational stories of Jesus?	 Have a firm understanding of what it means to celebrate and recall the names of some religious festivals. Give an example of a 'big day' of their own and talk about it with expression and emotion. Recognise and name a holy building. Understand that the building is sacred and contains artefacts that can be used in acts of worship. Recall and retell religious and nonreligious stories of caring, naming characters and places. Recall and retell stories of Jesus, suggesting a hidden meaning in a parable. Discuss important, inspirational people like Jesus and prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and how their stories can change people's attitudes and encourage 'big change', like World peace.





Autumn Leaders	Spring Believing	Summer Belonging	Assessment
Stories will be inc	luded in each unit of RE teaching throughout th	e school year.	By the end of year 2 pupils should:
Big Questions: What is a leader? What makes some people inspiring leaders?Compare our school leaders with other leaders and discuss the characteristics of leadership.Learn about the leadership of the prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and what it means to have wisdom.Learn about Guy Fawkes and the Gunpowder plot. Discuss together are all leaders, good leaders?Learn about specific leaders in the Bible, such as Moses, Saint Peter, Saint Paul and Jesus. Explore the deeper concept of destiny and how some 	Big Questions:What does it mean to believe?What do religious and non-religious peoplebelieve about God, creation and the world?Refer back to previous learning aboutreligious people groups and their beliefs. Forexample, Christians follow the teachings ofJesus and Jews follow the teachings of Mosesand the prophet Abraham.Listen to the Jewish, Biblical story of thecreation of the world and the first people,Adam and Eve. Refer back to teaching in Year1 about care, and focus on what it means tocare for our world. Ask further questions like,does a person need to believe in God or ahigher deity to care about the world?Learn about the concept of creation from theperspective of Science (Evolution) and howthis differs from religious belief.Continue to focus on the concept of creationin the Jewish faith and learn about theimportance of Shabbat.	Big Questions:What does it mean to belong?What is it like to belong to a religiouscommunity in Nottingham?Refer back to teaching from Early Years andremind the children of community.Understand that being part of a community,whether large or small, encourages a senseof belonging and acceptance.Explore further what it means to be part ofa religious community. Learn about specificrituals carried out by religious groups: Infantand adult baptism within the Christianreligion. Aqiqah, a baby naming ceremonyin Islam and fasting for Ramadan.Look at photographs, explore informationabout places of worship in the local area,around school. Talk about their purpose andvisit one of them.Learn about the life of Sir William Booth andthe start of the Salvation Army. Understandhow a Christian Community, originated inNottingham, grew into a worldwideorganisation.	Recall the names of some famous religious leaders, such as Moses and describe the stories in which they showed their leadership. Recall examples of poor and good leadership and how this has an effect upon society. Express their own ideas about leadership and what it looks like within a class community, school and the wider world. Recall some specific words from the Jewish religion, linked with the creation story and attempt to remember the word Evolution as an alternative explanation for the beginning of existence. Begin to understand that people choose to believe in a higher power than themselves, such as God. They join others with similar thinking and faith, this includes them into a religious community. Name and recall traditions and rituals that demonstrate someone's belonging to a certain religious group.





Autumn Religion, family and community - Prayer	Spring Worship and sacred places	Summer Inspirational people from the past	Assessment
Beliefs and questions will	be referred to in each unit of RE teaching throug	ghout the school year.	By the end of year 3 pupils should:
Big Questions: How do families and communities practice their faith? How do they pray?Refer back to teaching in Year 2 about religious communities and the places they worship in.Explore the purpose of prayer and why it is important to so many people around the world.Understand the importance of Prayer in all major religions. Discuss similarities and differences with the styles of prayer.Explore Prayer within the Muslim community. Learn about the 5 Pillars of Islam.Explore Prayer within the Christian community. Learn the Christian prayer called The Lord's 	Big Questions: Where, how and why do people worship?Refer back to previous unit and why people of faith pray. Begin to understand prayer is an act of submission and worship is an expression and demonstration of faith, that sometimes can be seen by others.Understand that serving other people, such as the poor, is an act of worship and in line with religious scriptures, such as The Bible.Understand that Muslims believe that serving the poor is an act of true worship to Allah.Understand that a Sikh place of worship, like a Gurdwara has a specific part of it for service to the local and wider community.Understand the word sacred* and how it applies to places of worship.Learn about specific global, sacred places and visit a local religious place of Worship.*This unit could be linked with DT and pupils	Big Questions:What can learn from inspiring people in sacred texts?What can we learn from religious history?Refer back to previous knowledge about Moses. Explore further the concept of inspiration and how Moses needed to inspire the Israelites to make the 'Exodus' out of Egypt.Learn about the Sikh Guru Hargobind and his inspirational teaching, when in prison.Learn bout the influential and inspirational Guru Nanak and his importance in the Sikh religion.Learn about The Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) – inspiring the first Muslims to fast and take pilgrimage to Mecca.Learn about Queen Esther and why worldwide Jews celebrate the festival of Purim.Learn more about the specific teaching of Jesus, called the Beatitudes, also known as The Sermon on the Mount.	 Describe how a Muslim prays. Describe how a Christian prays. Discuss the differences between different religions and why prayer is important to believers. Describe key features of places of worship, such as a church, Mosque, Gurdwara. *Explain their ideas around the creation of their own sacred space. Describe at least one story/account of these key people: Jesus, Moses and the prophet Muhammad (pbuh) Understand what makes people inspirational and how their teachings have influence over large groups of people. Understand that inspirational people have followers and their message is sometimes shared on a global scale – Religion.





Rolling Curriculum Year 1

	Autumn Inspirational People in today's world	Spring What matters to Christians?	Summer Beliefs and Questions	Assessment
Year 4	Big Question: What can we learn from great leaders and inspiring examples in today's world? Describe the lives of some inspirational leaders from the modern world (religious and non- religious) Understand how key leaders can be sources of wisdom for religious believers by studying some of the leader's sayings, speeches of writings. Explore the life of a key religious leaders from contemporary life (including modern history) Describe and challenges they have faces and the commitments by which they lived.	Big Questions: What is expected of a person in following a religion or belief? What matters most of Christians in their religion? Learn about devotion and commitment in Christianity. Consider why Christians celebrate Christmas and Easter. Investigate the teaching of Jesus about forgiveness and loving your enemies and how this is important to Christians today. Consider the idea of 'the fruit of the spirit' (Galatians 5:22) and why these values are important to Christians. Write an answer to the question: which of these do you think is more important to Christians and why: Christmas or Easter?	Big Question: How do people's beliefs about God, the world and others have impact on their lives? Find out about the Five Pillars of Islam and the main ways Hindus worship gods and goddesses in the home and the Mandir. Explain similarities and differences between Muslim and Hindu ideas about God and their own ideas, referencing the fact that many non-religious people are either atheists or agnostics and considering questions about this diversity of belief.	By the end of Year 4 pupils should:Have some understanding of beliefs and practises, starting to recognise the differences which exists within and between communities.Begin to respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views.Have some understanding of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.Have some understanding about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities.Begin to respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value.Have some understanding of how religions differ.Have some understanding about key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth.Have some understanding about what enables different communities to live together respectfullyBegin to talk about beliefs values and commitments and why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
	Inspirational People in today's world	What matters to Christians?	Beliefs and Questions	
	Big Question:	Big Questions:	Big Question:	By the end of Year 5 pupils should:
Year 5	 Big Question: What can we learn from great leaders and inspiring examples in today's world? Research inspirational leaders from the modern world (religious and non-religious) and answer the question: What made the person inspirational? Understand how key leaders can be sources of wisdom for religious believers by studying some of the leader's sayings, speeches of writings. Prepare an imaginary interview with one of the inspirational leaders in a talk show format. This should include their own questions (and guesses at answers) as well as the questions and answers the great figure would give. 	 Big Questions: What is expected of a person in following a religion or belief? What matters most of Christians in their religion? Learn about devotion and commitment in Christianity. Consider why Christians celebrate Christmas and Easter. Investigate key religious practise such as remember Jesus with bread and wine (Eucharist) in Christian worship and trying to follow the teaching of Jesus about forgiveness and loving your enemies to describe the significance of being a Christian. Understand and connect key ideas about salvation, forgiveness and eternal life with the celebrations of Holy Week and Easter in Christian communities from reading the Gospel texts about Jesus' crucifixion and resurrection. They could interview a Christian minster about this. Consider the idea of the 'fruit of the Spirit' (Galatians 5:22) as they discuss and apply their own ideas about ethical questions: what is fair and unfair? Why do people fight and 	 Big Question: How do people's beliefs about God, the world and others have impact on their lives? Explore and respond thoughtfully to Muslim and Hindu beliefs about God, worship, religious practices and texts using a range of sources of wisdom. Discuss and debate reasons why different people have different ideas about religious questions including whether God is real and what God is like. Suggest two reasons why debates about God are important to people today, giving their own views. 	By the end of Year 5 pupils should:Describe beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities.Respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views.Appreciate the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.Understand about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities.Respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value.Appreciate how religions differ.Understand the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth.Know about what enables different communities to live together respectfullyTalk about beliefs, values and
		cause pain? How do we know what is good? How can people learn to be more generous?		commitments in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
Inspirational People in today's world	What matters to Christians?	Beliefs and actions in the world	
Big Question: What can we learn from great leaders and inspiring examples in today's world? Research and respond thoughtfully to the lives of inspirational leaders from the modern world (religious and non-religious) and answer questions like these: What made the person inspirational? What holy texts explain their lives? Is this person inspiring just in their religion or to any human? Understand how key leaders can be sources of wisdom for religious believers by studying and applying some of the leader's sayings, speeches of writings and apply ideas of their own by giving reasons for their views. Compose a speech related to an inspirational figure: 'how would 'X' life the world to live?" Reflect on how they 'measure up'. Pupils could offer comment on the ways their chose person might inspire anyone in the class.	Big Questions: What is expected of a person in following a religion or belief? What matters most of Christians in their religion? Investigate key religious practise such as remember Jesus with bread and wine (Eucharist) in Christian worship, Christian beliefs about Christmas and Easter and trying to follow the teaching of Jesus about forgiveness and loving your enemies to describe the significance of being a Christian. Develop understanding of key Christian beliefs (e.g. from a Creed), gaining knowledge about key Christian beliefs in God as Father, Son and Holy Spirit, the Trinity and about the meaning of Pentecost for Christians. Consider the idea of the 'fruit of the Spirit' (Galatians 5:22) as they discuss and apply their own ideas about ethical questions: what is fair and unfair? Why do people fight and cause pain? How do we know what is good? How can people learn to be more generous? Write a thoughtful answer to the question: which of these is most important to Christians and why: Christmas, Easter, Pentecost	Big Questions: What was the Kindertransport? Who resisted and rescued? How can we be Upstanders today? Find out about the Jewish religion and community, focusing on religious practice in Germany before the Second World War. Investigate aspects of the persecution of Jewish people, showing their understanding and expressing ideas of their own. Learn about the story of a Kindertransportee Use case studies and survivor accounts to develop accurate understanding of examples of issues arising from the study of Kindertransport. Learn about Jewish community action in the UK today and create their own charter of ways to become and upstander, applying their own ideas of respect for all.	By the end of Year 6 pupils should:Describe, explain and analyse beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities.Investigate and respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views.Appreciate and explain the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.Explain their ideas about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities.Respond critically to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value.Appreciate and explain the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth.Investigate what enables different communities to live together respectfullyArticulate beliefs, values and commitments clearly in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





Rolling Curriculum Year 2

	Autumn Wisdom and Authority	Spring Religion, worldviews, family and community	Summer Beliefs in Action in the World	Assessment
	Big Questions:	Big Questions:	Big Question:	By the end of Year 4 pupils should:
	What can we learn by reflecting on words of wisdom from religions and worldviews? What do sacred texts and other sources say about God, the world and human life?	What contributions religions make to life in Nottingham City? How can we make Nottingham City a place of tolerance and respect?	How do religions and beliefs respond to global issues of human rights, fairness, social justice and the importance of the environment?	Have some understanding of beliefs and practises, starting to recognise the differences which exists within and between communities.
	Introduce how people use scared texts such as Torah, Bible or Qu'ran within their worship Use artefacts, videos or photos.	Investigate aspects of community life such as weekly worship, charitable giving or beliefs about prayer.	Introduce what (e.g.) Muslims, Hindus and Christians teach about how we can all live together for the wellbeing of each other,	Begin to respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views.
	Discuss thoughtfully where we can find 'wisdom to live by'. Would the pupils be able to write	Linking to the expressive arts, pupils develop their own imaginative and creative ways of	including Ahisma (Hindu), Ummah (Muslim) and Agape (Christian)	Have some understanding of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.
4	'ten commandments for today'? Apply ideas such as inspiration or 'the gift of God' to the holy texts from different faiths and	expressing some of their own commitments such as working hard at sport or music, caring for animals, loving the family or serving God	Introduce the teaching and practise of different religions in looking after the planet.	Have some understanding about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities.
Year 4	express their own ideas about wise sayings and wise words.	Explain the importance of tolerance and respect and how they can apply these to a community.	Introduce the work of various development charities such as Christian Aid, CAFOD, Muslim Hands, Islamic Relief, Sewa	Begin to respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value.
			International and Save the children. Choose one charity and explain the	Have some understanding of how religions differ.
			importance of what they do.	Have some understanding about key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth.
				Have some understanding about what enables different communities to live together respectfully
				Begin to talk about beliefs values and commitments in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
	Wisdom and Authority	Religion, worldviews, family and community	Beliefs in Action in the World	
Big	ig Questions:	Big Questions:	Big Question:	By the end of Year 5 pupils should:
Kear 5 Vi Ab Co the the co co the the co the the co the the the co co the the co co the the co co the co co co co co co co co co co co co co	<i>that can we learn by reflecting on words of isdom from religions and worldviews? that do sacred texts and other sources say bout God, the world and human life?</i> se artefacts, videos or photos to research how eligious people use scared texts such as Torah, ble or Qu'ran in their worship and for life uidance. onsider why some texts from the Torah (e.g. the Shema), the Bible (e.g. 1 Corinthians 13) and the Qu'ran (e.g. The 1 st Surah, the Opening), are the as sources of wisdom in different to mmunities. Would the pupils be able to write guidebook to the journey of life'? Yrite an account of the value and importance of the texts they have studied to the religions hich revere theses texts.	What contributions religions make to life in Nottingham City? How can we make Nottingham City a place of tolerance and respect? Investigate and describe similarities and differences in the way different communities live (worship, charitable giving, and beliefs about prayer) and how they show they belong. Apply ideas such as tolerance, empathy and respect for all the real-life examples of tension or conflict between different groups: how can our society become more respectful? What do inter faith events do to make respect grow? Write a about their ideal community – what it would look like and how it is strong. What is the importance of tolerance and respect in their community?	 How do religions and beliefs respond to global issues of human rights, fairness, social justice and the importance of the environment? Discover and explore what (e.g.) Muslims, Humanists, Hindus and Christians teach about how we can all live together for the wellbeing of each other, including Ahisma (Hindu), Ummah (Muslim) and Agape (Christian) Discover and explore the teaching and practice of different religions in looking after the planet and caring for the arch and all its creatures. Research the work of various development charities such as Christian Aid, CAFOD, Muslim Hands, Islamic Relief, Sewa International and Save the children. Consider and explain the similarities and differences between the work of different charities. 	Describe beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities. Respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views. Appreciate the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning. Understand about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities. Respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value. Appreciate how religions differ. Understand the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth. Know about what enables different communities to live together respectfully Talk about beliefs, values and commitments in order to explain why
		would look like and how it is strong. What is the importance of tolerance and respect in	Muslim Hands, Islamic Relief, Sewa International and Save the children. Consider and explain the similarities and differences between the work of different	





Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
Wisdom and Authority	Religion, worldviews, family and community	Beliefs in Action in the World	
Big Questions: What can we learn by reflecting on words of wisdom from religions and worldviews? What do sacred texts and other sources say about God, the world and human life? Use artefacts, videos or photos to investigate how religious people use scared texts such as Torah, Bible or Qu'ran in their worship, for private study, memorization and for guidance. Consider moral codes, for example, the Ten Commandments (Jewish), St Paul's advice for believers (Romans 12) and the Five Precepts (Buddhist), and expressing thoughtful ideas about what is right and wrong in the light of their learning. Write an account of the value and importance of the texts they have studied both to the religions which revere theses texts and maybe also to any person who reads them.	Big Questions: What contributions religions make to life in Nottingham City? How can we make Nottingham City a place of tolerance and respect? Linking to Maths and Geography, pupils use local and national census statistics to develop accurate understanding of the religious plurality of their locality and of Britain today. Discuss and apply ideas from different religious codes for living (e.g. Commandments, Precepts or Rules), to compile a charter of their own moral values, applying their ideas to issues of respect for all. Clearly express their own ideas about a more respectful community. Write a speech for someone who wants to the mayor of Nottingham how they will make our communities more harmonious, encouraging an atmosphere of tolerance and respect. Can they suggest 6 ideas and explain what impact they have?	Big Questions: What was the Kindertransport? Who resisted and rescued? How can we be Upstanders today? Find out about the Jewish religion and community, focusing on religious practice in Germany before the Second World War. Investigate aspects of the persecution of Jewish people, showing their understanding and expressing ideas of their own. Learn about the story of a Kindertransportee Use case studies and survivor accounts to develop accurate understanding of examples of issues arising from the study of Kindertransport. Learn about Jewish community action in the UK today and create their own charter of ways to become and upstander, applying their own ideas of respect for all.	By the end of Year 6 pupils should:Describe, explain and analyse beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities.Investigate and respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views.Appreciate and explain the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.Explain their ideas about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities.Respond critically to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value.Appreciate and explain the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth.Investigate what enables different communities to live together respectfullyArticulate beliefs, values and commitments clearly in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





Rolling Curriculum Year 3

	Autumn Symbols and Religious Expression	Spring Spiritual Expression	Summer The journey of life and death	Assessment
Year 4	 Big Questions: How do people express their religious and spiritual ideas on pilgrimages? Find out about places that different religions visit on pilgrimage (Varanasai for Hindus, Hajj for Muslims) and what pilgrimage to these places involves. Describe some religious beliefs that are connected to pilgrimages. Describe the motives people have for making spiritual journeys. Write about a place on earth they would like to travel to and the reasons they would like to go there (not as a tourist or for fun) 	 Big Question: Music and worship: what can we learn? Listen to and consider religious music in ways that enable them to discuss the meanings and impacts of the music. Consider the meanings of words used in musical worship. Discuss reasons why music matters to use and enables us to express deep feelings and ideas including spiritual feels and ideas for some people. Listen to different pieces of spiritual music and write about why the like or dislike each piece. 	 Big Questions: Why do some people think life is like a journey? Where do we go? What do different people think about life after death? Find out about and describe some ways in which different religions see life as a journey, using examples of baby-welcoming ceremonies from Muslims, Hindus, Humanists and Christians (Christening will have been studied in an earlier unit) Compare how different religions celebrate, birth, becoming and adult, marriage or the life of someone who has died. Create a timeline own life as a journey and its key milestones, in relation to the views they have learned. 	 Have some understanding of beliefs and practises, starting to recognise the differences which exists within and between communities. Begin to respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views. Have some understanding of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning. Have some understanding about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities. Begin to respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value. Have some understanding of how religions differ. Have some understanding about key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth. Have some understanding about what enables different communities to live together respectfully Begin to talk about beliefs values and commitments in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.





Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
Symbols and Religious Expression	Spiritual Expression	The journey of life and death	
Big Questions: How do people express their religious and spiritual ideas on pilgrimages?Consider varied answers to questions about the purposes of going on a pilgrimage. Research the journeys to Varanasi for Hindus, Hajj for Muslims and Lourdes, Iona or the 'Holy Land' for Christians.Describe the motives people have for making spiritual journeys.Talk about reasons why they would choose their own kind of pilgrimage if they could.Write about a place on earth that they would like to travel connecting to the ideas of pilgrimages they have studied.	Big Question: Music and worship: what can we learn?Explore and respond to examples of Christian music such as Pslams, famous hymns (e.g. Abide with me, All things Bright and Beautiful" contemporary worship music and Christian songs for children.Explore how Christian beliefs are expressed in music? How Christians do uses texts from the Bible in their music?Consider the questions what pieces of music are spiritual or inspiring for me? What pieces of music would the included on a playlist and why?Pick one of two pieces of music that are spiritual or inspiring and explain why they have chosen them.	Big Questions: Why do some people think life is like a journey? Where do we go? What do different people think about life after death? Make connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship and the rituals which mark important points in life in order to reflect thoughtfully on their own ideas about the 'journey of life'. Consider the differences and similarities between the varied views of questions about life's meaning and the possibility of a next life, discussing a range of views thoughtfully. Write thoughtfully about their own life as a journey, and its key milestones in relation to the views they have learned.	Describe beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities. Respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views. Appreciate the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning. Understand how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities. Respond to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value. Appreciate how religions differ. Understand the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth. Know about what enables different communities to live together respectfully Talk about beliefs, values and commitments in order to explain why





Autumn	Spring	Summer	Assessment
Symbols and Religious Expression	Spiritual Expression	Beliefs in action in the world	
Big Questions: How do people express their religious and spiritual ideas on pilgrimages? Consider whey people go on pilgrimages and investigate the differences and similarities between different pilgrimages undertaken by different religions. (Varanasi for Hindus, Hajj for Muslims and Lourdes, Iona or the 'Holy Land' for Christians) Consider a journey to a spiritual place that is taken by people who are spiritual, but not religious – e.g. to Stonehenge, to a pilgrimage? What are they key differences between pilgrims and tourists. Write thoughtfully about a place on earth where they would like to travel not as a tourist of just for fun, but hoping to find spiritual strength or enlightenment, connecting their ideas to pilgrimages they have studied.	 Big Question: Music and worship: what can we learn? Describe the impact of examples of religious music on those who sing or play it, explore spiritual ideas and questions: does music create calm, excitement, worship or a sense of the presence of god? Express their own ideas bout religious and spiritual music, identifying pieces of music that make them feel calm excited, peaceful, joyful or perhaps worshipful or close to God. Create their own playlist of spiritual songs and then write an account of why they chose the songs they did. 	Big Questions: What was the Kindertransport? Who resisted and rescued? How can we be Upstanders today? Find out about the Jewish religion and community, focusing on religious practice in Germany before the Second World War. Investigate aspects of the persecution of Jewish people, showing their understanding and expressing ideas of their own. Learn about the story of a Kindertransportee Use case studies and survivor accounts to develop accurate understanding of examples of issues arising from the study of Kindertransport. Learn about Jewish community action in the UK today and create their own charter of ways to become and upstander, applying their own ideas of respect for all.	Describe, explain and analyse beliefs and practises, recognise the differences which exists within and between communities. Investigate and respond to questions about some of the sources of wisdom found in religions and world views. Appreciate and explain the impact different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning. Explain their ideas about how beliefs and practises influence individuals and communities. Respond critically to questions and teaching about identity, diversity, meaning and value. Appreciate and explain how religions differ. Investigate and explain the key concepts and questions of belonging, meanings, purpose and truth. Investigate what enables different communities to live together respectfully Articulate beliefs, values and commitments clearly in order to explain why they may be important in their own and other people's lives.